



MJE13005

NPN SILICON TRANSISTOR

NPN SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

DESCRIPTION

These devices are designed for high-voltage, high-speed power switching inductive circuits where fall time is critical. They are particularly suited for 115 and 220 V SWITCHMODE.

FEATURES

- * $V_{CEQ(SUS)} = 400V$
- * Reverse bias SOA with inductive loads @ $T_C = 100^\circ C$
- * Inductive switching matrix 2 to 4 Amp, 25 and $100^\circ C$
 t_c @ 3A, $100^\circ C$ is 180 ns (Typ.)
- * 700V blocking capability
- * SOA and switching applications information

APPLICATIONS

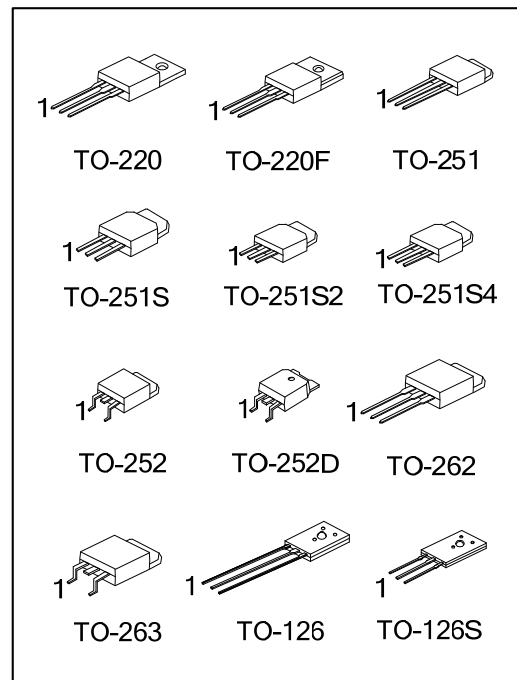
- * Switching regulator's, inverters
- * Motor controls
- * Solenoid/Relay drivers
- * Deflection circuits

ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering Number		Package	Pin Assignment			Packing
Lead Free	Halogen Free		1	2	3	
MJE13005L-TA3-T	MJE13005G-TA3-T	TO-220	B	C	E	Tube
MJE13005L-TF3-T	MJE13005G-TF3-T	TO-220F	B	C	E	Tube
MJE13005L-TM3-T	MJE13005G-TM3-T	TO-251	B	C	E	Tube
MJE13005L-TMS-T	MJE13005G-TMS-T	TO-251S	B	C	E	Tube
MJE13005L-TMS2-T	MJE13005G-TMS2-T	TO-251S2	B	C	E	Tube
MJE13005L-TMS4-T	MJE13005G-TMS4-T	TO-251S4	B	C	E	Tube
MJE13005L-TN3-R	MJE13005G-TN3-R	TO-252	B	C	E	Tape Reel
MJE13005L-TND-R	MJE13005G-TND-R	TO-252D	B	C	E	Tape Reel
MJE13005L-T2Q-T	MJE13005G-T2Q-T	TO-262	B	C	E	Tube
MJE13005L-TQ3-T	MJE13005G-TQ3-T	TO-263	B	C	E	Tube
MJE13005L-TQ3-R	MJE13005G-TQ3-R	TO-263	B	C	E	Tape Reel
MJE13005L-T60-K	MJE13005G-T60-K	TO-126	B	C	E	Bulk
MJE13005L-T6S-K	MJE13005G-T6S-K	TO-126S	B	C	E	Bulk

Note: Pin Assignment: B: Base C: Collector E: Emitter

<p>MJE13005G-TA3-T</p>	<p>(1) T: Tube, R: Tape Reel, K: Bulk (2) TA3: TO-220, TF3: TO-220F, TM3: TO-251, TMS: TO-251S, TMS2: TO-251S2, TMS4: TO-251S4, TN3: TO-252, TND: TO-252D, T2Q: TO-262, TQ3: TO-263, T60: TO-126, T6S: TO-126S (3) G: Halogen Free and Lead Free, L: Lead Free</p>
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NPN SILICON TRANSISTOR

■ MARKING

PACKAGE		MARKING
TO-220 TO-220F TO-251 TO-251S TO-251S2	TO-251S4 TO-252 TO-252D TO-262 TO-263	<div><div>UTC MJE13005</div><div><div>Lot Code</div><div>1</div><div>Date Code</div></div><div>L: Lead Free G: Halogen Free</div></div>
TO-126 TO-126S		<div><div>UTC MJE13005</div><div><div>1</div><div>Date Code</div><div>L: Lead Free G: Halogen Free</div></div></div>

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Collector-Emitter Voltage		$V_{CEO(SUS)}$	400	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage ($V_{BE}=0$)		V_{CES}	700	V
Collector-Base Voltage		V_{CBO}	700	V
Emitter Base Voltage		V_{EBO}	9	V
Collector Current	Continuous	I_C	4	A
	Peak (1)	I_{CM}	8	A
Base Current	Continuous	I_B	2	A
	Peak (1)	I_{BM}	4	A
Emitter Current	Continuous	I_E	6	A
	Peak (1)	I_{EM}	12	A
Power Dissipation at $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	TO-126/TO-126S TO-220F	P_D	40	W
	TO-251/TO-251S TO-251S2/TO-251S4 TO-252/TO-252D		50	
	TO-220/TO-263 TO-262		75	
Derate above 25°C	TO-126/TO-126S TO-220F		320	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
	TO-251/TO-251S TO-251S2/TO-251S4 TO-252/TO-252D		400	
	TO-220/TO-263 TO-262		600	
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature		T_J, T_{STG}	-65 ~ +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged.
Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

■ THERMAL DATA

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Junction to Ambient	TO-126/TO-126S	θ_{JA}	89	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
	TO-251/TO-251S TO-251S2/TO-251S4 TO-252/TO-252D		80	
	TO-220/TO-263 TO-262/TO-220F		62.5	
Junction to Case	TO-126/TO-126S TO-220F	θ_{JC}	3.125	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
	TO-251/TO-251S TO-251S2/TO-251S4 TO-252/TO-252D		2.5	
	TO-220/TO-263 TO-262		1.67	

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

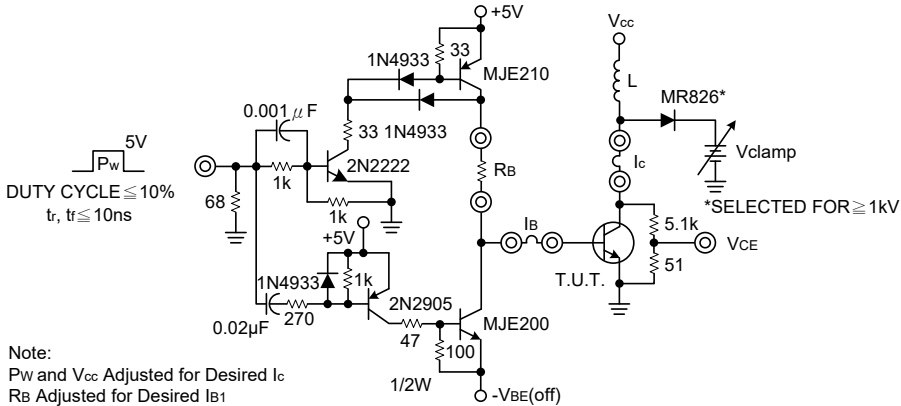
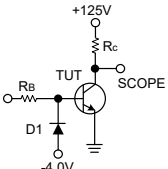
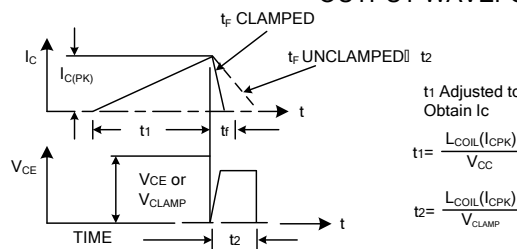
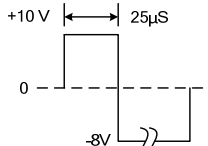
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
OFF CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)						
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	V _{CEO(SUS)}	I _C =10mA , I _B =0	400			V
Collector Cutoff Current	I _{CBO}	V _{CBO} =Rated Value, V _{BE(OFF)} =1.5V			1	mA
		V _{CBO} =Rated Value, V _{BE(OFF)} =1.5V, T _C =100°C			5	
Emitter Cutoff Current	I _{EBO}	V _{EB} =9V, I _C =0			1	mA
SECOND BREAKDOWN						
Second Breakdown Collector Current with bass forward biased	I _{S/B}				See Fig. 11	
Clamped Inductive SOA with Base Reverse Biased	RBSOA				See Fig. 12	
ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)						
DC Current Gain	h _{FE1}	I _C =200mA, V _{CE} =5V	15		30	
	h _{FE2}	I _C =2mA, V _{CE} =5V	10			
	h _{FE3}	I _C =1A, V _{CE} =5V	10			
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{CE(SAT)}	I _C =1A, I _B =0.2A			0.5	V
		I _C =2A, I _B =0.5A			0.6	V
		I _C =4A, I _B =1A			1	V
		I _C =2A, I _B =0.5A, Ta=100°C			1	V
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{BE (SAT)}	I _C =1A, I _B =0.2A			1.2	V
		I _C =2A, I _B =0.5A			1.6	V
		I _C =2A, I _B =0.5A, T _C =100°C			1.5	V
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS						
Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product	f _T	I _C =500mA, V _{CE} =10V, f=1MHz	4			MHz
Output Capacitance	C _{OB}	V _{CB} =10V, I _E =0, f=0.1MHz		65		pF
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS						
Resistive Load (Table 1)						
Delay Time	t _D	V _{CC} =125V, I _C =2A, I _{B1} =I _{B2} =0.4A, t _P =25μs, Duty Cycle≤1%		0.025	0.1	μs
Rise Time	t _R			0.3	0.7	μs
Storage Time	t _S			1.7	4	μs
Fall Time	t _F			0.4	0.9	μs

Note: 1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 5ms, Duty Cycle $\leq 10\%$

2. Pulse Test: $P_W = 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$

■ APPLICATION INFORMATION

Table 1. Test Conditions for Dynamic Performance

Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area and Inductive Switching		Resistive Switching
Test Circuits	 <p>DUTY CYCLE $\leq 10\%$ $t_r, t_f \leq 10\text{ns}$</p> <p>Note: Pw and Vcc Adjusted for Desired I_c R_b Adjusted for Desired I_{B1}</p> <p>*SELECTED FOR $\geq 1\text{kV}$</p>	
Circuit Values	<p>Coil Data : $V_{CC}=20\text{V}$ FERROXCUBE core #6656 Full Bobbin (~ 16 Turns) #16</p> <p>GAP for 200μH/20 A $L_{COIL}=200\mu\text{H}$ $V_{CLAMP}=300\text{V}$</p>	<p>$V_{CC}=125\text{V}$ $R_C=62\Omega$ D1=1n5820 or Equiv. $R_B=22\Omega$</p>
Test Waveforms	<p>OUTPUT WAVEFORMS</p>  <p>t_1 Adjusted to Obtain I_c $t_1 = \frac{L_{COIL}(I_{CPK})}{V_{CC}}$ $t_2 = \frac{L_{COIL}(I_{CPK})}{V_{CLAMP}}$</p> <p>Test Equipment Scope-Tektronics 475 or Equivalent</p>	 <p>$t_r, t_f < 10\text{ns}$ Duty Cycle=1.0% R_b and R_c adjusted for desired I_b and I_c</p>

RESISTIVE SWITCHING PERFORMANCE

Fig. 1 Turn-On Time

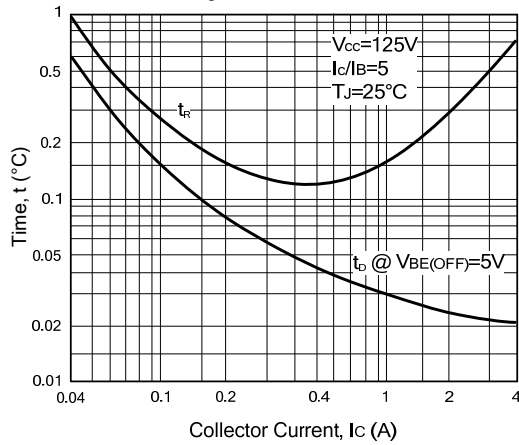


Fig. 2 Turn-Off Time

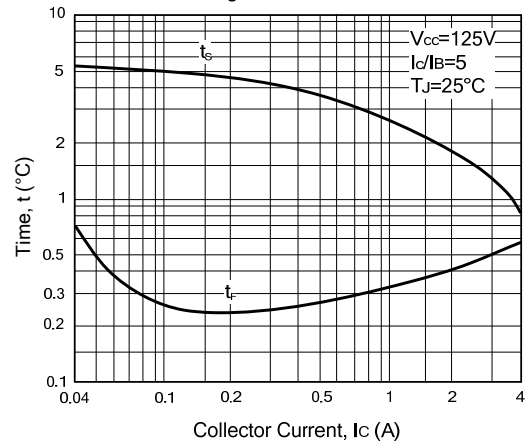


Fig. 3 Typical Thermal Response [$Z_{\theta JC}(t)$]

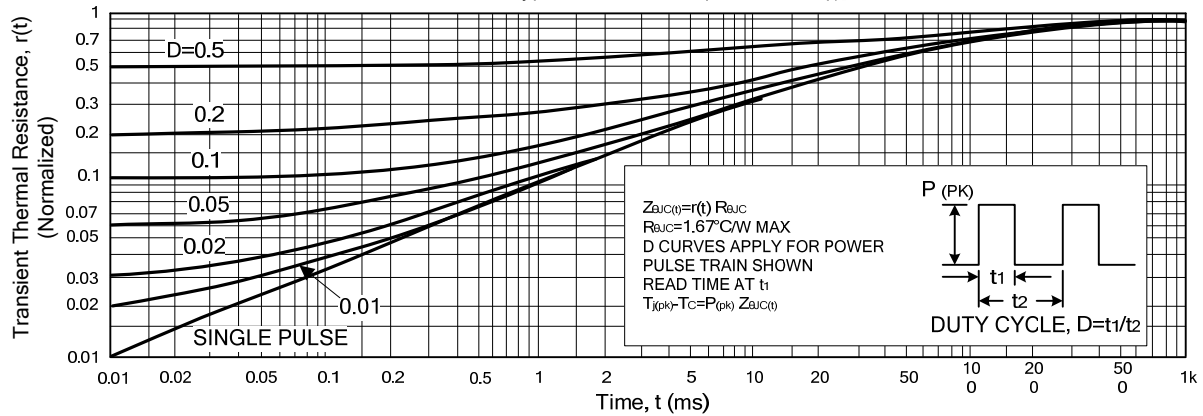


Fig. 4 Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

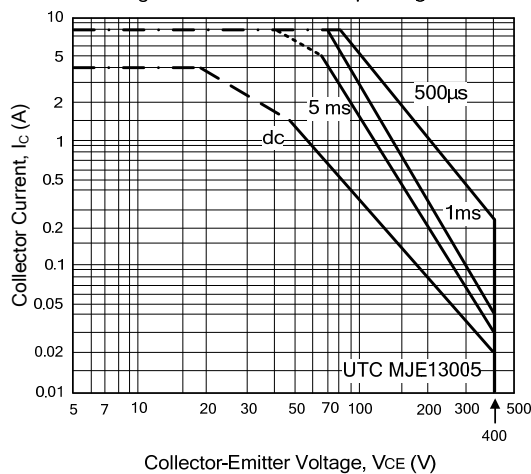
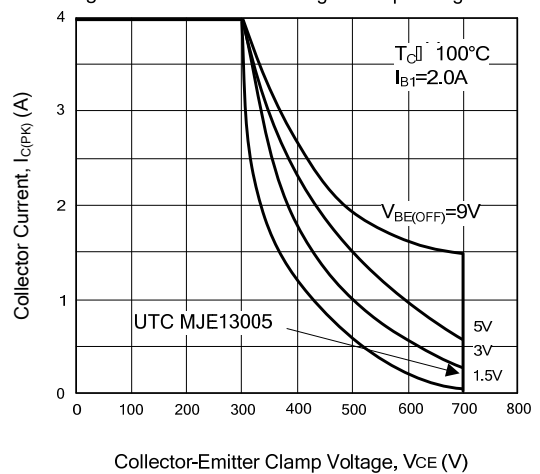
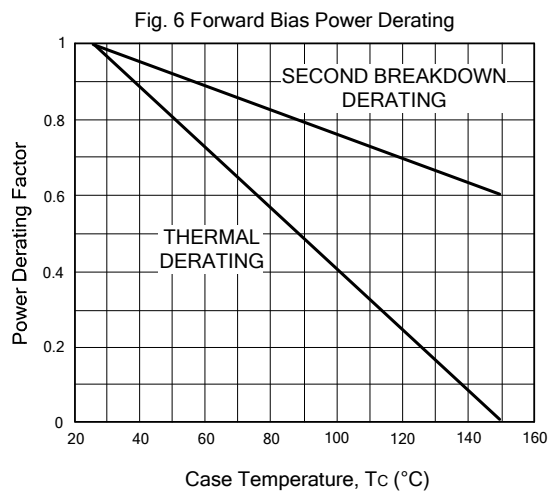


Fig. 5 Reverse Bias Switching Safe Operating Area



■ RESISTIVE SWITCHING PERFORMANCE (Cont.)



■ SAFE OPERATING AREA INFORMATION

FORWARD BIAS

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate I_C - V_{CE} limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

The data of Fig. 4 is based on $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $T_{J(PK)}$ is variable depending on power level. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% but must be derated when $T_C \geq 25^\circ\text{C}$. Second breakdown limitations do not derate the same as thermal limitations. Allowable current at the voltages shown on Fig. 4 may be found at any case temperature by using the appropriate curve on Fig. 6.

$T_{J(PK)}$ may be calculated from the data in Fig. 10. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

REVERSE BIAS

For inductive loads, high voltage and high current must be sustained simultaneously during turn-off, in most cases, with the base to emitter junction reverse biased. Under these conditions the collector voltage must be held to a safe level at or below a specific value of collector current. This can be accomplished by several means such as active clamping, RC snubbing, load line shaping, etc. The safe level for these devices is specified as Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area and represents the voltage-current conditions during reverse biased turn-off. This rating is verified under clamped conditions so that the device is never subjected to an avalanche mode. Figure 5 gives the complete RBSOA characteristics.

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7. Collector Saturation Region

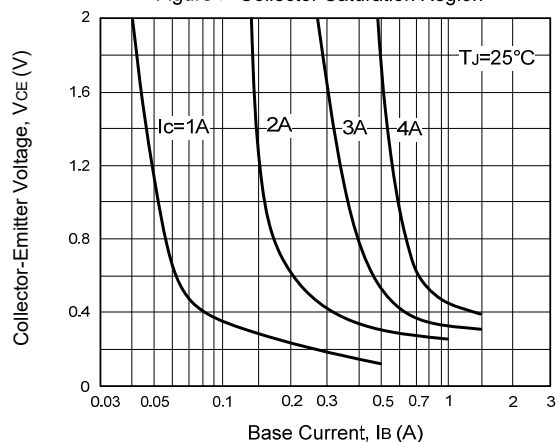


Figure 8. Base-Emitter Voltage

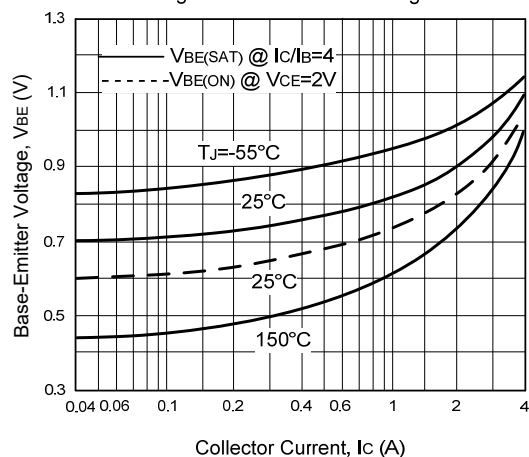


Figure 9. Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage

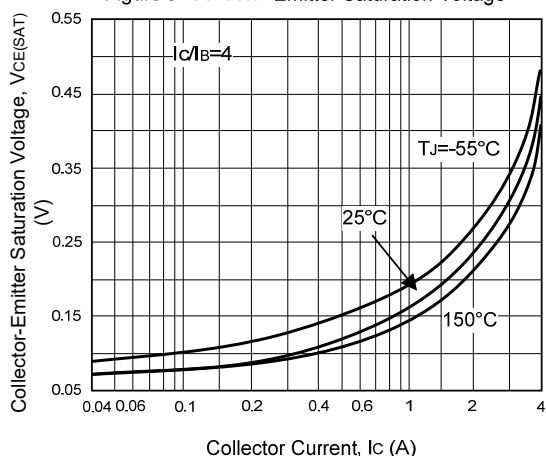


Figure 10. Collector Cutoff Region

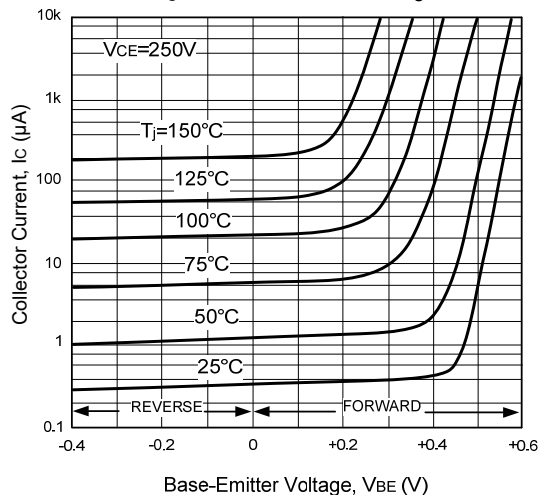
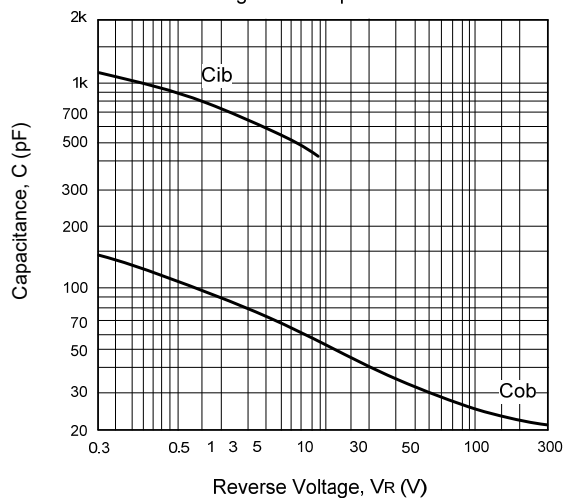


Figure 11. Capacitance



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