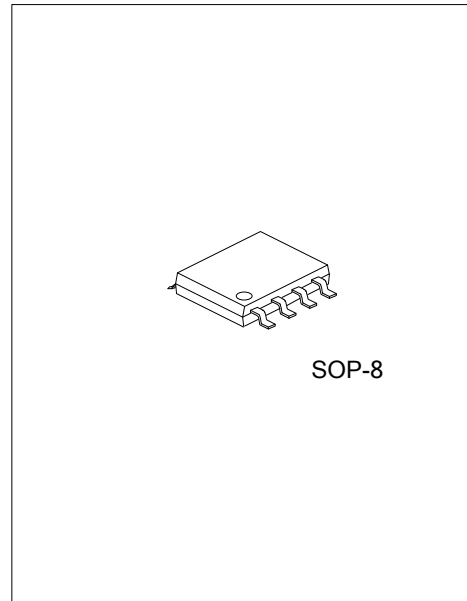




2-BIT BIDIRECTIONAL VOLTAGE-LEVEL TRANSLATOR WITH AUTO DIRECTION SENSING



DESCRIPTION

The **UTXB0102** device is a 2-bit noninverting translator that uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA} . V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V. The B port is designed to track V_{CCB} . V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65V to 5.5V. This allows for universal low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V, and 5V voltage nodes. V_{CCA} must not exceed V_{CCB} .

When the output-enable (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{OFF} . The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the outputs when the device is powered down. This inhibits current backflow into the device which prevents damage to the device.

OE must be tied to GND through a pull-down resistor to assure the high-impedance state during power up or power down; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

FEATURES

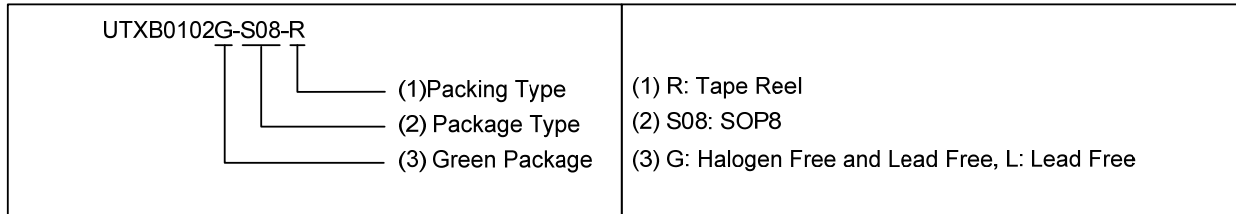
- * 1.2V to 3.6V on A Port and 1.65V to 5.5V on B Port ($V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}$)
- * V_{CC} Isolation Feature – If Either V_{CC} Input Is at GND, All Outputs Are in the High-Impedance State
- * OE Input Circuit Referenced to V_{CCA}
- * Low Power Consumption, 4 μ A Max I_{CC}
- * I_{OFF} Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

APPLICATION

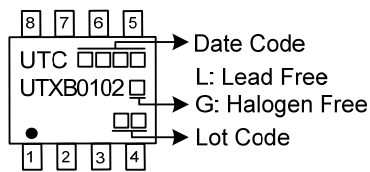
- * Handset
- * Smartphone
- * Tablet
- * Desktop PC

■ ORDERING INFORMATION

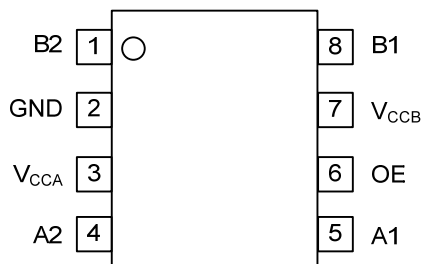
Ordering Number		Package	Packing
Lead Free	Halogen Free		
UTXB0102L-S08-R	UTXB0102G-S08-R	SOP-8	Tape Reel



■ MARKING



■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	I/O	DESCRIPTION
1	B2	I/O	Input/output B2. Referenced to V_{CCB}
2	GND		Ground
3	V_{CCA}		A-Port supply voltage $1.2V \leq V_{CCA} \leq 3.6V$, $V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}$
4	A2	I/O	Input/output A2. Referenced to V_{CCA}
5	A1	I/O	Input/output A1. Referenced to V_{CCA}
6	OE	I	3-state output-mode enable. Pull OE low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to V_{CCA}
7	V_{CCB}		B-Port supply voltage $1.65V \leq V_{CCB} \leq 5.5V$
8	B1	I/O	Input/output B1. Referenced to V_{CCB}

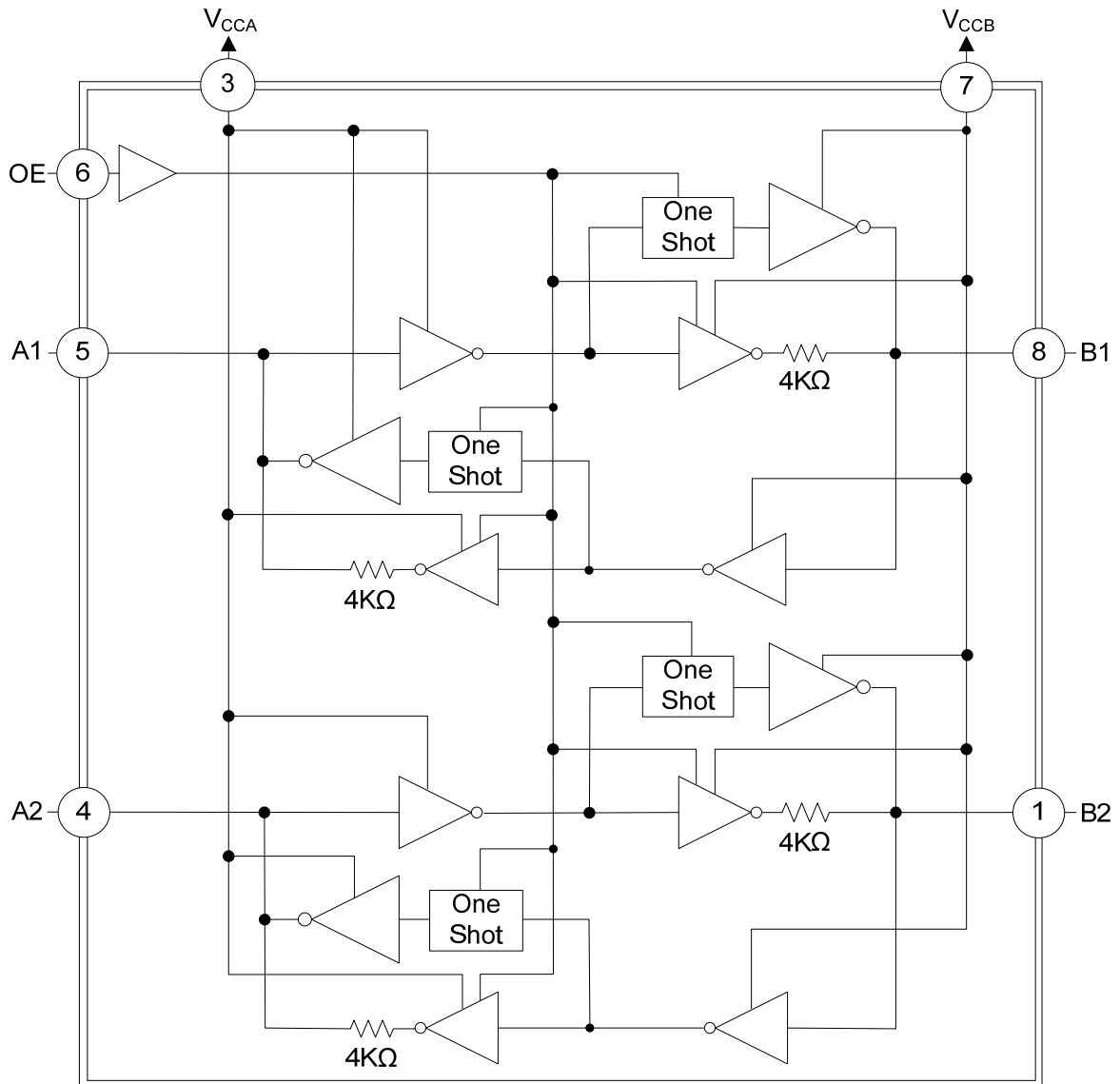
Note: I=Input, O=Output, I/O=Input and Output.

■ FUNCTION TABLE

SUPPLY VOLTAGE		INPUTS	INPUTS/OUTPUT	
V_{CCA}	V_{CCB}	OE	An	Bn
$1.2V \sim V_{CCB}$	$1.65V \sim 5.5V$	L	Z	Z
$1.2V \sim V_{CCB}$	$1.65V \sim 5.5V$	H	Input or Output	Output or Input
GND (Note 2)	GND (Note 2)	X	Z	Z

Notes: 1. H = High voltage level ; L = Low voltage level ; Z : High impedance OFF-state ; X = Don't care.
 2. When either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} is at GND level, the device goes into Power-down mode.

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply voltage		V _{CCA}	-0.5 ~ 4.6	V
Supply voltage		V _{CCB}	-0.5 ~ 6.5	V
Input voltage	A Port	V _{IN}	-0.5 ~ 4.6	V
	B port		-0.5 ~ 6.5	V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state	A port	V _{OUT}	-0.5 ~ 4.6	V
	B Port		-0.5 ~ 6.5	V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state	A Port	V _{OUT}	-0.5 ~ V _{CCA} +0.5	V
	B Port		-0.5 ~ V _{CCB} +0.5	V
Input clamp current	V _{IN} <0	I _{IK}	-50	mA
Output clamp current	V _{OUT} <0	I _{OK}	-50	mA
Continuous output current		I _{OUT}	±50	mA
Continuous current through V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} , or GND		I _{CC} /I _{GND}	±100	mA
Storage Temperature		T _{STG}	-65 ~ +150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage		V _{CCA}		1.2		3.6	V
Supply Voltage		V _{CCB}		1.65		5.5	V
Input Voltage		V _{IN}		0		V _{CCI}	V
Output Voltage	A Port	V _{OUT}	V _{CCA} =1.2V~3.6V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V	0		3.6	V
	B Port		V _{CCA} =1.2V~3.6V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V	0		5.5	V
High-Level Input Voltage	Data Inputs	V _{IH}	V _{CCA} =1.2V~3.6V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V	V _{CCI} ×0.65 (Note 3)		V _{CCI}	V
	OE			V _{CCA} ×0.65		5.5	V
Low-Level Input Voltage	Data Inputs	V _{IL}	V _{CCA} =1.2V~3.6V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V	0		V _{CCI} ×0.35 (Note 3)	V
	OE			0		V _{CCA} ×0.35	V
Input Transition Rise or Fall Rate	A Port Inputs	Δt/Δv	V _{CCA} =1.2V~3.6V	V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V		40	ns/V
	B Port Inputs			V _{CCB} =1.65V~1.95V		40	ns/V
				V _{CCB} =4.5V~5.5V		30	ns/V
Operating Temperature		T _A		-40		+85	°C

Notes: 1. The A and B sides of an unused data I/O pair must be held in the same state, that is, both at V_{CCI} or both at GND.

2. V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB} and must not exceed 3.6V.

3. V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Port A Output High Voltage		V _{OHA}	V _{CCA} =1.2V, I _{OH} =-20μA		1.1		V
			V _{CCB} =1.4V~3.6V, I _{OH} =-20μA	V _{CCA} -0.4			V
Port A Output Low Voltage		V _{OLA}	V _{CCA} =1.2V, I _{OL} =20μA		0.3		V
			V _{CCB} =1.4V~3.6V, I _{OL} =20μA			0.4	V
Port B Output High Voltage		V _{OHB}	V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V, I _{OH} =-20μA	V _{CCB} -0.4			V
Port B Output Low Voltage		V _{OLB}	V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V, I _{OL} =20μA			0.4	V
Input Leakage Current	OE	I _{I(LEAK)}	V _I =V _{CCI} or GND, V _{CCA} =1.2V~3.6V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V			±1	μA
Power OFF Leakage Current	A Port	I _{OFF}	V _I or V _{OUT} =0~3.6V, V _{CCA} =0V, V _{CCB} =0V~5.5V			±1	μA
	B Port		V _I or V _{OUT} =0~5.5V, V _{CCA} =0V~3.6V, V _{CCB} =0V			±1	μA
High-Impedance State Output Current	A or B Port	I _{OZ}	V _{CCA} =1.2V~3.6V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V, OE=GND			±1	μA
Quiescent Supply Current	I _{CCA}	V _I =V _{CCI} or GND I _O =0A	V _{CCA} =1.2V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V		0.06		μA
			V _{CCA} =1.4V~3.6V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V			3	μA
			V _{CCA} =3.6V, V _{CCB} =0V			2	μA
			V _{CCA} =0V, V _{CCB} =5.5V			-2	μA
	I _{CCB}		V _{CCA} =1.2V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V		3.4		μA
			V _{CCA} =1.4V~3.6V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V			5	μA
			V _{CCA} =3.6V, V _{CCB} =0V			-2	μA
			V _{CCA} =0V, V _{CCB} =5.5V			2	μA
	I _{CCA} +I _{CCB}		V _{CCA} =1.2V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V		3.5		μA
			V _{CCA} =1.4V~3.6V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V			8	μA
	I _{CCZA}		V _{CCA} =1.2V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V OE=GND		0.05		μA
			V _{CCA} =1.2V, V _{CCB} =1.4V~3.6V OE=GND			3	μA
I _{CCZB}	V _{CCA} =1.2V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V OE=GND		3.3		μA		
	V _{CCA} =1.2V, V _{CCB} =1.4V~3.6V OE=GND			5	μA		
Input Capacitance	OE	C _{IN}			2.5	pF	
Output Capacitance	A Port	C _{IO}	V _{CCA} =1.2V~3.6V, V _{CCB} =1.65V~5.5V		5		pF
	B Port				11		pF

- Notes: 1. V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.
- 2. V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.
- 3. V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB}, and V_{CCA} must not exceed 3.6V.

■ SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT			
Propagation Delay From Input (A) to Output (B)	t _{PD}	V _{CCA} =1.2V	V _{CCB} =1.8V		7.9		ns		
			V _{CCB} =2.5V		6.7		ns		
			V _{CCB} =3.3V		6.3		ns		
			V _{CCB} =5V		6.5		ns		
		V _{CCA} =1.5V±0.1V	V _{CCB} =1.8V±0.15V	1.4		13.9	ns		
			V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V	1.2		11.1	ns		
			V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V	1.1		11	ns		
			V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V	0.8		10.9	ns		
		V _{CCA} =1.8V±0.15V	V _{CCB} =1.8V±0.15V	1.6		12	ns		
			V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V	1.4		8.7	ns		
			V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V	1.3		7.8	ns		
			V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V	1.2		7.5	ns		
		V _{CCA} =2.5V±0.2V	V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V	1.1		7.3	ns		
			V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V	1.0		6.2	ns		
			V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V	0.9		5.7	ns		
		V _{CCA} =3.3V±0.3V	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V	0.9		5.7	ns		
			V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V	0.8		5.0	ns		
		Propagation Delay From Input (B) to Output (A)	t _{PD}	V _{CCA} =1.2V	V _{CCB} =1.8V		8.4		ns
					V _{CCB} =2.5V		7.4		ns
					V _{CCB} =3.3V		7.0		ns
					V _{CCB} =5V		6.8		ns
				V _{CCA} =1.5V±0.1V	V _{CCB} =1.8V±0.15V	0.9		15.2	ns
					V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V	0.7		13	ns
					V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V	0.4		12.7	ns
V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V	0.3					14.7	ns		
V _{CCA} =1.8V±0.15V	V _{CCB} =1.8V±0.15V			1.5		13	ns		
	V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V			1.3		9.4	ns		
	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V			1.0		8.6	ns		
	V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V			0.9		8.1	ns		
V _{CCA} =2.5V±0.2V	V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V			1.2		7.6	ns		
	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V			1.1		6.1	ns		
	V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V			0.9		5.4	ns		
V _{CCA} =3.3V±0.3V	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V			1.0		5.9	ns		
	V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V			0.9		5.5	ns		
Enable Time From Input (OE) to Output (A or B)	t _{en}			V _{CCA} =1.2V	V _{CCB} =1.8V		1		µs
					V _{CCB} =2.5V		1		µs
					V _{CCB} =3.3V		1		µs
					V _{CCB} =5V		1		µs
				V _{CCA} =1.5V±0.1V	V _{CCB} =1.8V±0.15V			1	µs
					V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V			1	µs
					V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V			1	µs
		V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V				1	µs		
		V _{CCA} =1.8V±0.15V	V _{CCB} =1.8V±0.15V			1	µs		
			V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V			1	µs		
			V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V			1	µs		
			V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V			1	µs		
		V _{CCA} =2.5V±0.2V	V _{CCB} =2.5V±0.2V			1	µs		
			V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V			1	µs		
			V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V			1	µs		
		V _{CCA} =3.3V±0.3V	V _{CCB} =3.3V±0.3V			1	µs		
			V _{CCB} =5V±0.5V			1	µs		

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT				
Disable Time From Input (OE) to Output (A)	t_{dis}	$V_{CCA}=1.2V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V$		28		ns			
			$V_{CCB}=2.5V$		25		ns			
			$V_{CCB}=3.3V$		24		ns			
			$V_{CCB}=5V$		24		ns			
		$V_{CCA}=1.5V\pm 0.1V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$	5.9		41		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	5.7		35.9		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	5.6		33		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	5.7		32.4		ns		
		$V_{CCA}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$	5.9		41		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	5.1		31.3		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	5.0		29.3		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	5.0		27.4		ns		
		$V_{CCA}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	5.1		31.3		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	4.6		25.2		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	4.6		23.2		ns		
		$V_{CCA}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	4.6		25.2		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	4.6		22.1		ns		
		Disable Time From Input (OE) to Output (B)	t_{dis}	$V_{CCA}=1.2V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V$		30		ns	
					$V_{CCB}=2.5V$		27		ns	
					$V_{CCB}=3.3V$		26		ns	
					$V_{CCB}=5V$		26		ns	
				$V_{CCA}=1.5V\pm 0.1V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$	5.4		40.3		ns
					$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	4.9		32.8		ns
					$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	4.8		30		ns
$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	4.9					29.5		ns		
$V_{CCA}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$			5.4		40.3		ns		
	$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$			4.4		30.8		ns		
	$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$			4.2		27.9		ns		
	$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$			4.3		26.3		ns		
$V_{CCA}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$			4.4		30.8		ns		
	$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$			3.8		26		ns		
	$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$			3.9		23.9		ns		
$V_{CCA}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$			3.8		26		ns		
	$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$			3.4		23.2		ns		
Rise and Fall Time A Port Rise And Fall Times	t_{rA}, t_{fA}			$V_{CCA}=1.2V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V$		5.2		ns	
					$V_{CCB}=2.5V$		5.2		ns	
					$V_{CCB}=3.3V$		5.2		ns	
					$V_{CCB}=5V$		5.2		ns	
				$V_{CCA}=1.5V\pm 0.1V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$	1.4		6.1		ns
					$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	1.4		6.1		ns
					$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	1.4		6.1		ns
		$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	1.4			6.1		ns		
		$V_{CCA}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$	1.0		5.2		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	1.1		5.1		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	1.1		5.1		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	1.1		5.1		ns		
		$V_{CCA}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	0.8		4.0		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	0.8		4.0		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	0.8		4.0		ns		
		$V_{CCA}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	0.7		3.5		ns		
			$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	0.7		3.5		ns		

■ SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Rise and Fall Time	B Port Rise And Fall Times	t_{rB}, t_{fB}	$V_{CCA}=1.2V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V$		3.1	ns	
				$V_{CCB}=2.5V$		2.5	ns	
				$V_{CCB}=3.3V$		2.2	ns	
				$V_{CCB}=5V$		2.1	ns	
			$V_{CCA}=1.5V\pm 0.1V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$	0.9		5.5	ns
				$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	0.6		4.2	ns
				$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	0.5		3.8	ns
				$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	0.4		3.7	ns
			$V_{CCA}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$	$V_{CCB}=1.8V\pm 0.15V$	0.9		5.5	ns
				$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	0.6		4.2	ns
				$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	0.5		3.8	ns
				$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	0.4		3.7	ns
			$V_{CCA}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	$V_{CCB}=2.5V\pm 0.2V$	0.7		4.0	ns
				$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	0.5		3.8	ns
				$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	0.4		3.7	ns
			$V_{CCA}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	$V_{CCB}=3.3V\pm 0.3V$	0.5		3.3	ns
$V_{CCB}=5V\pm 0.5V$	0.4			3.7	ns			
Data Rate		f_{data}	$V_{CCA}=1.2V, V_{CCB}=1.8V\sim 5V$		20		Mbps	
			$V_{CCA}=1.5V\pm 0.1V, V_{CCB}=1.65V\sim 5.5V$			40	Mbps	
			$V_{CCA}=1.8V\pm 0.15V, V_{CCB}=1.65V\sim 5.5V$			60	Mbps	
			$V_{CCA}=2.5V\pm 0.2V, V_{CCB}=2.3V\sim 5.5V$			100	Mbps	
			$V_{CCA}=3.3V\pm 0.3V, V_{CCB}=3.0V\sim 5.5V$			100	Mbps	
Pulse Duration	Data Inputs	t_w	$V_{CCA}=1.2V, V_{CCB}=1.8V\sim 5V$		50		ns	
			$V_{CCA}=1.5V\pm 0.1V, V_{CCB}=1.65V\sim 5.5V$	25			ns	
			$V_{CCA}=1.8V\pm 0.15V, V_{CCB}=1.65V\sim 5.5V$	17			ns	
			$V_{CCA}=2.5V\pm 0.2V, V_{CCB}=2.3V\sim 5.5V$	10			ns	
			$V_{CCA}=3.3V\pm 0.3V, V_{CCB}=3.0V\sim 5.5V$	10			ns	

■ OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Power Dissipation Capacitance	A Port Input B Port Output	C _{PD} A	C _L =0, f=10MHz t _r =t _f =1nS OE=V _{CCA} (Output Enabled)	V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =5V		7.8	pF	
				V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =1.8V		8.0	pF	
				V _{CCA} =1.5V V _{CCB} =1.8V		8.0	pF	
				V _{CCA} =1.8V V _{CCB} =1.8V		7.0	pF	
				V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =2.5V		7.0	pF	
				V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =5V		8.0	pF	
	B Port Input A Port Output			V _{CCA} =3.3V V _{CCB} =3.3~5V		8.0	pF	
				V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =5V		12	pF	
				V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =1.8V		11	pF	
				V _{CCA} =1.5V V _{CCB} =1.8V		11	pF	
				V _{CCA} =1.8V V _{CCB} =1.8V		11	pF	
				V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =2.5V		11	pF	
	A Port Input B Port Output			V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =5V		11	pF	
				V _{CCA} =3.3V V _{CCB} =3.3~5V		11	pF	
				C _L =0, f=10MHz t _r =t _f =1nS OE=GND (Output Disabled)	V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =5V		0.01	pF
					V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =1.8V		0.01	pF
					V _{CCA} =1.5V V _{CCB} =1.8V		0.01	pF
					V _{CCA} =1.8V V _{CCB} =1.8V		0.01	pF
	V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =2.5V					0.01	pF	
	V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =5V					0.01	pF	
	V _{CCA} =3.3V V _{CCB} =3.3~5V					0.01	pF	

■ OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

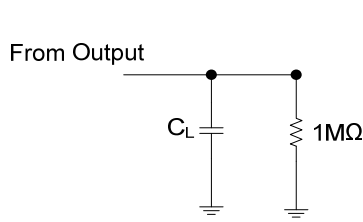
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Power Dissipation Capacitance	B Port Input A Port Output	C _{PDA}	C _L =0, f=10MHz t _r =t _f =1nS OE=GND (Output Disabled)	V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =5V		0.01		pF
				V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =1.8V		0.01		pF
				V _{CCA} =1.5V V _{CCB} =1.8V		0.01		pF
				V _{CCA} =1.8V V _{CCB} =1.8V		0.01		pF
				V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =2.5V		0.01		pF
				V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =5V		0.01		pF
				V _{CCA} =3.3V V _{CCB} =3.3~5V		0.01		pF
				A Port Input B Port Output	C _{PDB}	C _L =0, f=10MHz t _r =t _f =1nS OE=V _{CCA} (Output Enabled)	V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =5V	
	V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =1.8V		29					pF
	V _{CCA} =1.5V V _{CCB} =1.8V		29					pF
	V _{CCA} =1.8V V _{CCB} =1.8V		29					pF
	V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =2.5V		29					pF
	V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =5V		30					pF
	V _{CCA} =3.3V V _{CCB} =3.3~5V		30					pF
	B Port Input A Port Output	C _{PDB}	C _L =0, f=10MHz t _r =t _f =1nS OE=V _{CCA} (Output Enabled)				V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =5V	
				V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =1.8V		19		pF
				V _{CCA} =1.5V V _{CCB} =1.8V		18		pF
				V _{CCA} =1.8V V _{CCB} =1.8V		18		pF
				V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =2.5V		18		pF
				V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =5V		21		pF
				V _{CCA} =3.3V V _{CCB} =3.3~5V		21		pF

■ OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

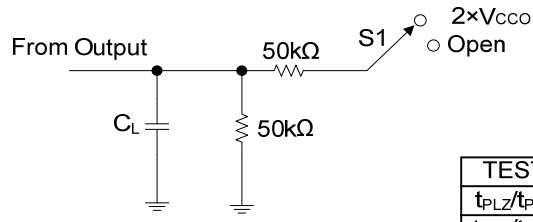
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Power Dissipation Capacitance	A Port Input B Port Output	C _{PDB}	V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =5V		0.01		pF	
			V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =1.8V		0.01		pF	
			V _{CCA} =1.5V V _{CCB} =1.8V		0.01		pF	
			V _{CCA} =1.8V V _{CCB} =1.8V		0.01		pF	
			V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =2.5V		0.01		pF	
			V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =5V		0.01		pF	
	B Port Input A Port Output		V _{CCA} =3.3V V _{CCB} =3.3~5V	C _L =0, f=10MHz t _r =t _f =1nS OE=GND (Output Disabled)		0.02		pF
			V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =5V			0.01		pF
			V _{CCA} =1.2V V _{CCB} =1.8V			0.01		pF
			V _{CCA} =1.5V V _{CCB} =1.8V			0.01		pF
			V _{CCA} =1.8V V _{CCB} =1.8V			0.01		pF
			V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =2.5V			0.01		pF
			V _{CCA} =2.5V V _{CCB} =5V			0.02		pF
			V _{CCA} =3.3V V _{CCB} =3.3~5V			0.03		pF

TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORMS

Load Circuit

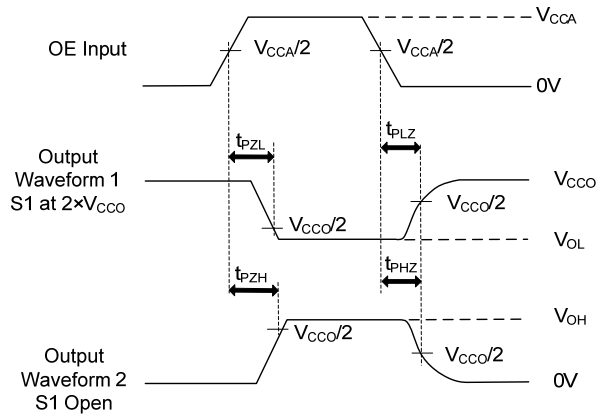
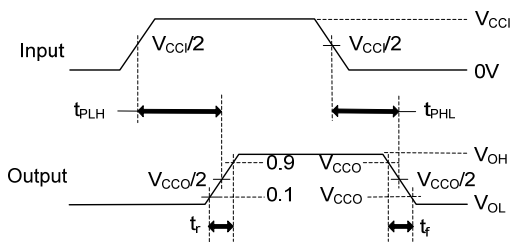
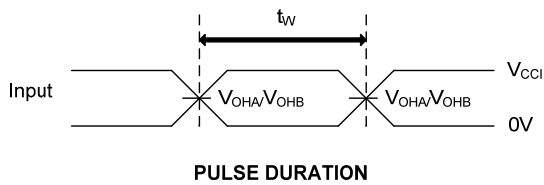


MAX DATA RATE, PULSE DURATION PROPAGATION DELAY OUTPUT RISE AND FALL TIME MEASUREMENT



ENABLE/DISABLE TIME MEASUREMENT

TEST	S1
t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}	$2 \times V_{CCO}$
t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}	Open



- Notes:
1. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
 2. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
 3. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{PD} .
 4. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
 5. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.
 6. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

■ DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Overview

The **UTXB0102** device is a 2-bit directionless voltage-level translator specifically designed for translating logic voltage levels. The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.2V to 3.6V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.65V to 5.5V. The device is a buffered architecture with edge rate accelerators (one shots) to improve the overall data rate. This device can only translate push-pull CMOS logic outputs. For open drain signal translation, see UTC UTXS010X products.

Architecture

The **UTXB0102** architecture (see Figure 1) does not require a direction-control signal to control the direction of data flow from A to B or from B to A. In a DC state, the output drivers of the **UTXB0102** can maintain a high or low, but are designed to be weak, so that the drivers can be overdriven by an external driver when data on the bus starts flowing the opposite direction. The output one shots detect rising or falling edges on the A or B ports.

During a rising edge, the one shot turns on the PMOS transistors (T1, T3) for a short duration, which speeds up the low-to-high transition. Similarly, during a falling edge, the one shot turns on the NMOS transistors (T2, T4) for a short duration, which speeds up the high-to-low transition. The typical output impedance during output transition is 70Ω at $V_{CC0}=1.2V$ to 1.8V, 50Ω at $V_{CC0}=1.8V$ to 3.3V and 40Ω at $V_{CC0}=3.3V$ to 5V.

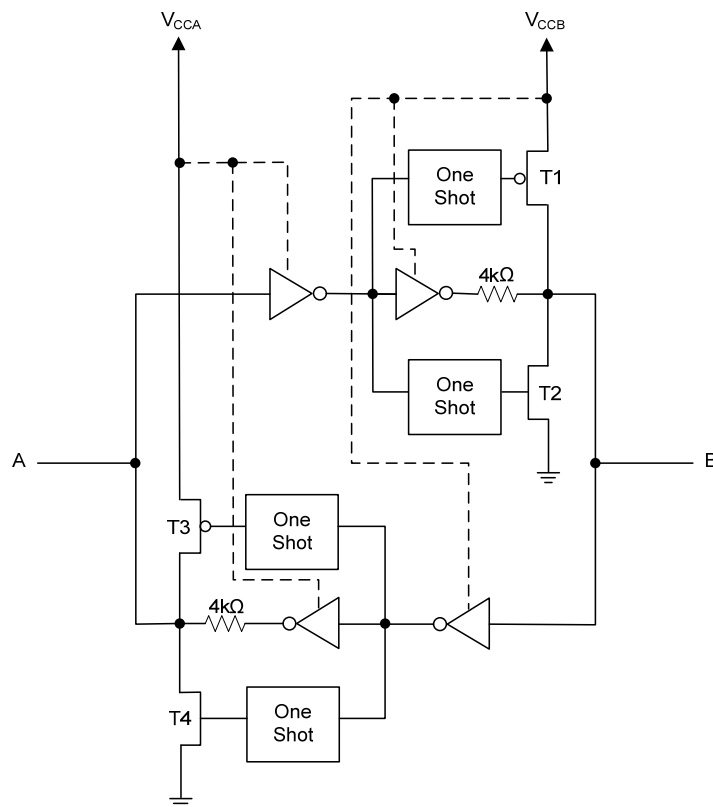


Figure 1. Architecture of UTXB0102 I/O Cell

■ DETAILED DESCRIPTION (Cont.)

Power-Up

During operation, assure that $V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}$ at all times. During power-up sequencing, $V_{CCA} \geq V_{CCB}$ does not damage the device, so any power supply can be ramped up first. The **UTXB0102** device has circuitry that disables all output ports when either V_{CC} is switched off ($V_{CCA/B}=0V$). The (OE) input circuit is designed so that it is supplied by V_{CCA} and when the (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To assure the high-impedance state of the outputs during power up or power down, the OE input pin must be tied to GND through a pull-down resistor and must not be enabled until V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are fully ramped and stable. The minimum value of the pull-down resistor to ground is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

Enable and Disable

The **UTXB0102** has an output-enable (OE) input that is used to disable the device by setting OE=low, which places all I/Os in the high-impedance (Hi-Z) state. The disable time (t_{dis}) indicates the delay between when OE goes low and when the outputs actually get disabled (Hi-Z). The enable time (t_{en}) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for the one-shot circuitry to become operational after OE is taken high.

Pull-up or Pull-down Resistors on I/O Lines

The **UTXB0102** is designed to drive capacitive loads of up to 70pF. The output drivers of the **UTXB0102** have low DC drive strength. If pull-up or pull-down resistors are connected externally to the data I/Os, their values must be kept higher than 50k Ω to assure that they do not contend with the output drivers of the **UTXB0102**.

For the same reason, the **UTXB0102** device must not be used in applications such as I²C or 1-Wire where an open-drain driver is connected on the bidirectional data I/O. For these applications, use a device from the UTC UTXS01xx series of level translators.

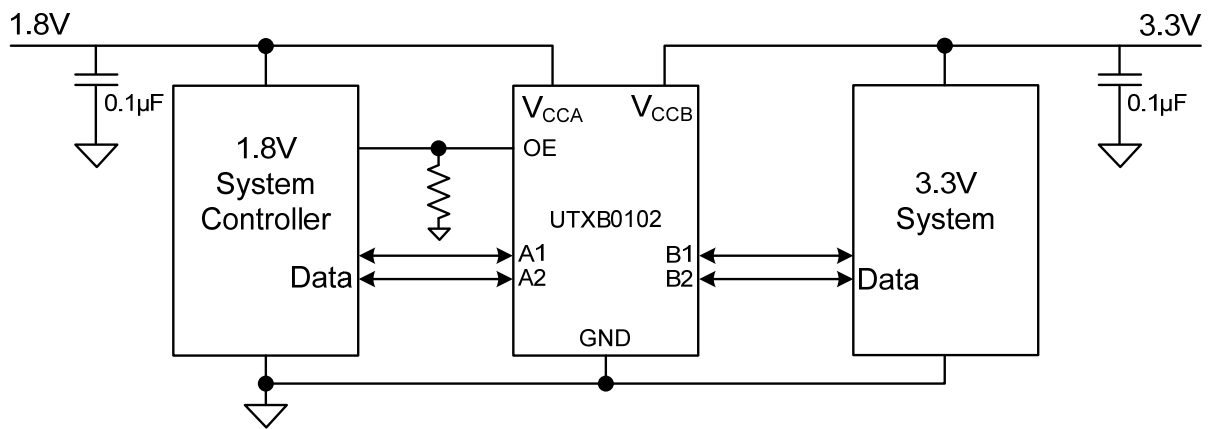
Device Functional Modes

The **UTXB0102** device has two functional modes, enabled and disabled. To disable the device set the OE input low, which places all I/Os in a high impedance state. Setting the OE input high enables the device.

Output Load Considerations

Recommends careful printed-circuit board (PCB) layout practices with short PCB trace lengths to avoid excessive capacitive loading and to assure that proper O.S. triggering takes place. PCB signal trace-lengths must be kept short enough such that the round trip delay of any reflection is less than the one-shot duration. This improves signal integrity by assuring that any reflection sees a low impedance at the driver. The O.S. circuits have been designed to stay on for approximately 10ns. The maximum capacitance of the lumped load that is driven also depends directly on the one-shot duration. With heavy capacitive loads, the one-shot can time-out before the signal is driven fully to the positive rail. The O.S. duration has been set to best optimize trade-offs between dynamic I_{CC} , load driving capability, and maximum bit-rate considerations. Both PCB trace length and connectors add to the capacitance that the **UTXB0102** output sees, so recommends that this lumped-load capacitance be considered to avoid O.S. retriggering, bus contention, output signal oscillations, or other adverse system-level affects.

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



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